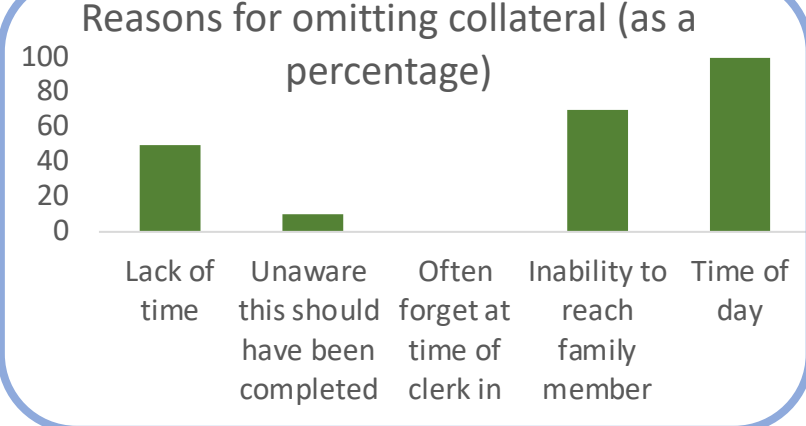
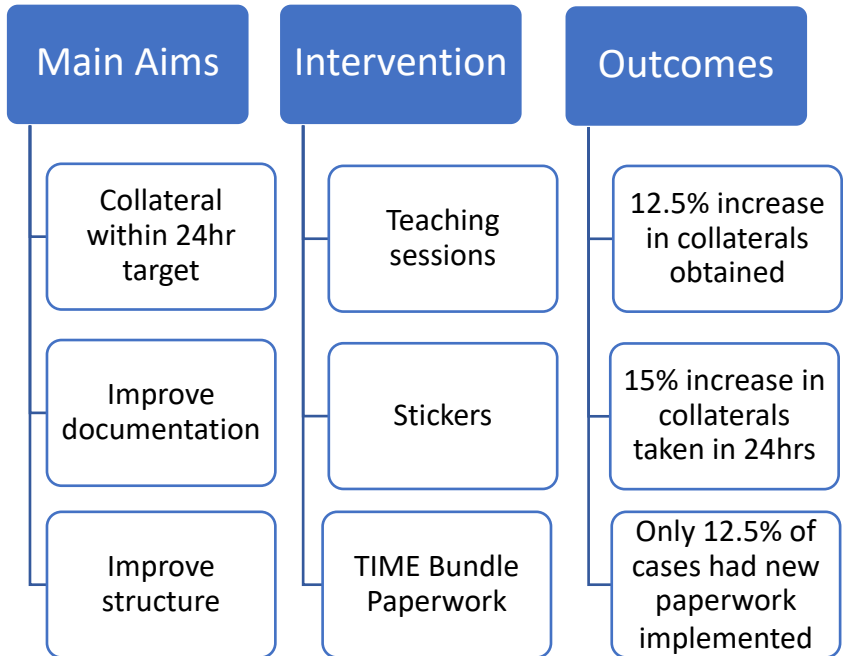
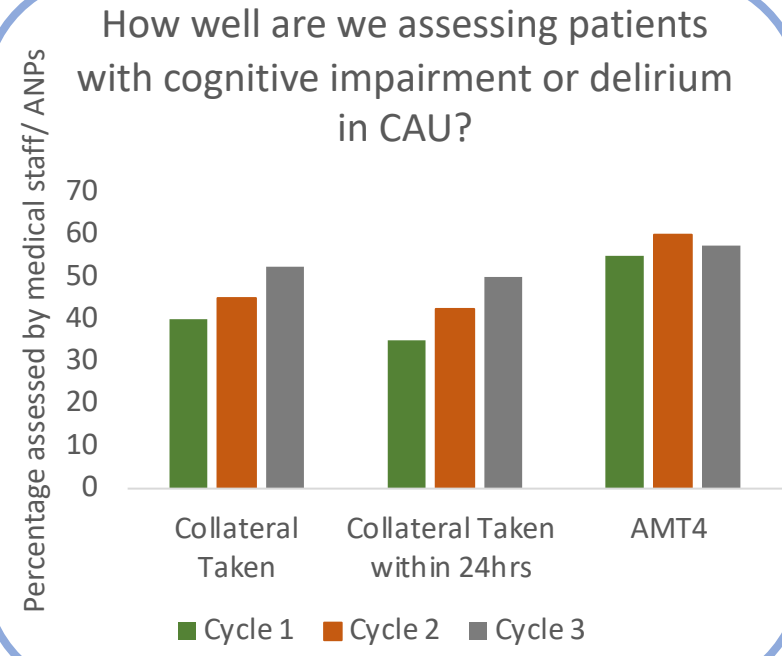


Confusion? Think Collateral!

Background: Patients presenting with cognitive impairment are often unable to communicate important aspects of their history which would allow for an accurate diagnosis and safe management plan to be put in place. Many clinicians often miss a collateral history as part of their clinical assessment¹. SIGN guidance suggests that a collateral history should be taken at the earliest opportunity in patients presenting with delirium². The TIME bundle suggests this should be completed within 24 hours of admission³.



Obtain a collateral within 24 hours of admission



- Next Steps:**
- Develop a standardized approach and structure
 - Improve use of AMT4
 - What is the impact on patients when collateral not obtained?